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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/785,981	02/20/2001	Kazuhiro Kusuda	Q63222	1740
7	590 05/28/2004		EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.			ENATSKY, AARON L	
Washington, I			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 3713	
			DATE MAILED: 05/28/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	MV		
	09/785,981	KUSUDA, KAZUHIRO	1. 1		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Aaron L Enatsky	3713			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	••		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.		
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 M	l <u>arch 2004</u> .				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the following(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.12			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati nity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atent Application (FTO-102)			

Application/Control Number: 09/785,981

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Examiner acknowledges receipt of arguments on 3/18/04.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-4, 6-9, 11, 14-26 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-32 of U.S. Patent No. 6,699,126 to Kusuda in view of US Patent No. 5,411,258 to Wilson et al. Kusuda teaches a network connected game apparatus with client devices and a central mechanism to collate data generated by client devices. Kusuda teaches generating training data in a first game on client devices that will be forwarded to a central device to render a second game. Kusuda however does not claim features of generating betting odds data at client machines and forwarding betting odds data to the central device for integrating betting odds of all client devices. Wilson et al. teaches a network totalizer system for calculating real time betting and odds data in a racing game (8:44-9:6). One would be motivated to use a common totalizer system as described by Wilson et al. so

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that pari-mutuel wagering, which is known entertainment mechanism for drawing people to racing games, can be effectively managed. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Kusuda to integrate a network totalizer system to manage pari-mutuel wagering, while creating a more entertaining racing system.

Claims 5, 10, and 12-13 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousnesstype double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-32 of U.S. Patent No. 6,699,126 to Kusuda in view of US Patent No. 5,411,258 to Wilson et al. in view of US Pat. No. 4,569,026 to Best. Kusuda in view of Wilson teaches claimed the limitations as discussed above, but does not teach using synthesized speech selected by game players. Best teaches using synthesized speech that is selected by game for integration into a video game (Abstract). Best further teaches that this speech system could be used to announce plays in a simulated game (Abstract), where one of ordinary skill would associate announcing game plays in a ball game similar to announcing race plays/states, thus motivating one to use the announcing system to announce race states. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Kusuda in view of Wilson to use synthesized speech to announce race execution states, for a more realistic game atmosphere. In regards to accent or intonation, these speech replication features are disclosed as phonetically distinct and easily distinguishable from each other.

Claims 1-4, 6-9, 11, 14-26 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-32 of U.S. Patent No. Art Unit: 3713

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Response to Arguments

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Applicant's amendment and arguments filed 3/18/04 have been fully considered in light of the interview on 3/19/04 and are persuasive. As such, Examiner's prior rejections have been withdrawn. However, upon a further search, Examiner discovered additional art that is incorporated into an obvious type double patenting rejection found above.

Citation of Pertinent Prior Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US Pat. No. 6,500,070 to Tomizawa et al. teaches a distributed game system that can be used train characters on a client system in a first game and integrate game results from the first game into a second game.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aaron L Enatsky whose telephone number is 703-305-3525. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-6 M-Th.

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OHN M. HOTA

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Teresa Walberg can be reached on 703-308-1327. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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